OFFICERS OF COLUMBIA CO.

President Judge-Hon. William Elwell. Associate Judges - | Irm Derr, Peter K. Herbein. Proth'y and Cl'k of Courts—Jesse Coleman Register and Recorder—John G. Freeze.

Allen Mann,

Commissioners—
John F. Fowler,

Montgomery Cole.

Sheriff—Samuel Snyder.
Treasurer—John J. Stiles.

(Daniel Snyder,
Auditors—L. B Rapert,
(John P. Harnon.
Commissioner's Clerk—Wm. Krickbaum.
Commissioner's Attorney—E. H. Little.
Mercantile Appraiser—Cant. Geo. W. Uu.
County Surveyor—Isaac A. Dewitt.
District Attroney—Milton M. Traugh.
Coroner—William J. Ikeler.
County Superintendent—Chas. G. Barkley,
Assesors Internal Revenue—R. F. Clark.
(John Thomas,
Assistant Assessor—S. B. Diemer,

Assistant Assessor - S. B. Diemer, J. H. Ikeler, J. S. Woods. Collector-Benjamin F. Hartman.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP. ON MAIN STREET, (NEARLY OPPOSITE MILLER'S STORE, BLOOMSEUR'S, PA.

THE undersigned has just fitted up, and opened STOVE AND TIN SHOP, in this place, where he is propaged to make up new 14. WARL of all kinds in his line, and do repairin, with neutross and disputch, upon the most reasomatic terms. He also keeps up hand STOVES of
various patterns and styles, which he will suff upon
terms to suit surchasters.

Give himself. He is a good mechanic, and deserving of the nebble patrentage.

Historiahurs, Seat, 2, 1866.—1v.

Bloomsburg, Sept. 9, 1806,--ty. PLASTER FOR SALE.

The undersigned is about fitting up a

PLASTER MILL

at the PENN FURNACE MILLS, and will offer to

Novia Scotia White Plaster.

prepared ready for use in quantities to suit purchasers, at any time from the first of March maxi.

J. S. McNNGH. Catawiera, Jan. 23, 1867.

BOOT AND SHOE SHOP.

OSCAR P. GIRTON. fic-pecifully informs the public that he is now pre-pared to manufacture all kinds of

BOOTS AND SHOES, at the LOWEST Possible Prices at short notice and in the very host and latest style; Mr. Girlon, (as is well-known in bloomsburg.) in had many years of successful uspers here with a rep-ntation for good work, integrity and honorable deal-

ing unsurpassed.

[P Place of lossiness on Sauth East Corner of Main and Iron streets, over J. K. Girtish's Pture.

Bloomshurg. Oct. 46, 1806 — hn CORKS HOTEL.

GEO. W. MATGER, Proprietor.

The above well known hotel has 'recedify undergone radical changes in its filternal arrangements, and its projector announces to be needed extending the revening public that he accommodations its confort of his guests are seend to none in the country. His rible will always be found supplied, not only with substantial food, but with all the delicacles of the season. His wine ned liquory (except that popular beverage known as 'Mellory', purchased direct from the importing houses, are entirely pure, and from the importing houses, are entirely pure, and from the importing houses, are entirely pure, and from the interest purchased direct from the importing houses, are entirely pure. June 13, 1865.-16

MACHINE AND REPAIR SHOP.

THE madersigned would most respectfully aumanance to the public generally, that he is prepared to execute all Flinds of MACHINERY, at JOSEPH SHARPLESS FOUNDRY, in Stoomburg, where he can always be found ready to do all kinds of reparting, including Threshing Ma hines, and in short, all hims of Frinding Chemals. Also, TURNING AND FIFING UP OF CASTING AND MACHINERY, come or short notice, in a good workmantike manner, upon the most reasonable terms.

It's long experience in the business as foreman in the shop of Lewis II. Mans of this place, for over time years, warrants him in styling that he can give entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their work. Bloomsburg, Nov. 21, 1856, GEORGE HASSERT.

FALON HOUSE. ber having purchased the "Patin

LOCK HAVEN, Pa. property of E. W. Bigeny, Esq., would say to the riends of the House, his acquaintances, and the pub-lic generally, that he intends to "kerp a Horst with the accommodations and comforts of a Hoese and humbly solicits their patronney." J. O'T ENRINK.

Late of the Madison House, Philadelphia. Lock flaven, Dec. 36, 1886. M ISS LIZZIE PETERMAN.

ould announce to the ladies of Bloomsburg and Spring and Summer

MILLINERY GOODS, consisting of all article's usually found in first class Millinery Stores. Her goods are of the Sest quality and among the most handsome and cheapest in the market. Call and examine them for yourselves. Nobody should purchase elsewhere before examining Miss Petterman's stock of goods. Bonnets made to order, on the shortest notice, or repaired. Store on Main street. 3d d. or below the store of Sectional Mills Rupert. Bloomsburg, May 9, 1866,—tf.

NEW TOBACCO STORE.

H. H. HUNSBERGER. Main Street, below the "American House BLOOMSHURG, PA.

Where he keeps on hand, and furnishes to the hon and country trade, at Philadelphia (lowest) prices,

FINE CUT AND PLUC TOBACCOS,

DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED CIGAR all hands of

SMOKING TOBACCO. Souffs, Meerschaum and Bring Wood Fipes, and all articles pertaining to his trade. In Those small rotals dealars in cigars and chew-ing tobuccos, would do well to give him a call, in

DRUGS, DRUGS, DRUGS.

Pure Medicines, at John R. Mayer's Brug State corner of Main and Market Streets. A good ness ment of PURE DRUGS,

Medicines, Paints, Oile and Varnishos, always or hard, and will be sold cheaper than at any other Drig Store in 1988. QUALITY GUARANTEED.

Prescriptions carefully compounded at Moyer's Drug Store, Ayers and Jaynes Medicines sold at Moyer's Drug wishart's Tar Cordini. Baker's Cod Liver Oil Instow's Southing Syrup, sold at Moyer's Drug Store.
For any reliable patent medicines, call at Moyer's prug Store.
Teacher of all kinds, wholesale and seroil at 2 R Drug Store.
Leather of all kinds, wholesale and setail, at J. R.
Mayer's Drug Store, Sicomeburg, Fa.
May 9, 1864.—st.

THE Plaomsburg Democrat.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY IN

BLOOMSBURG, PA., BY WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY. TERM?. - \$2.00 in advance. If not paid within SIX MONTHS, 50 cents additional will be charged. B.T. No paper discontinued until all arraranges are paid except at the option of the editor.

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lingings wolices, without advertisement, twenty. certs per line.

Transient divertisements payable in advance all others due after the first meeting.

To OFFICE - In Shive's Block, Cor. of Main dan Iron Streets.

Address, W. H. JACORY, Richards County, Pa [Published by request.]

Old Abe and the Black Gentle man. This Tyrant, whose sole name, blisters our tongu to Was once thought hourst ... Merbers ...

It was at the silent midnight hour, When night and morning meet, Old Nick walked into Abe's room And stood close at his feet.

He shook his horns and wagged his tail, As other beasts oft do. And cried aloud, "Awake old Abe! For I am come for you."

Old Abe trembingly awoke, First gaped, then rubbed his eyes, To see the gentleman in black Quite filled him with surprise.

He muttered something indistinct About Fort Layayette, A though his blood was running cold, He broke out in a sweat. The Devil cried, "Give ear, old Abe,

And do not courage bek, Too well I know for years you have Loved every thing that's black,

"Therefore prepare to go with me, (Old Abe, he grouned with fear) I may as well just take you now As wait another year.

Poor Abe cried, "What have I done, And gavt another groan) Oh, dear, oh, dear! like Jeff, I want For to be let alone.

Old Nick he laughed, and shook his head And unto Abe did say.

"There is no Haheas Corpus now, Come, get up right away.

Then Abe rose slowly from his bad; But what seems strange to tell, From sulpher or from something else, There came a noisome smell.

Then Nick took Abe on his back, And solemaly he swore, He never carried down below Se bad a man before. When to the river Styx they came,

Old Charon with his boat Refused to take old Abe o'er, Or change a greenback note, Old Charon said, "My charge is small, One penny in hard cash

Nor no such worthless trash. 'Remember, Abe, you don't on me Play any little joke, The discount now is sirty-five,

Shinplasters don't pass current here,

The Bank will soon be broke. "Be-ide, you might repudiate, It has been done before; But as you once were splitting rails, I p'rhaps may row you o'er.

"Just to oblige my friend, old Nick, For take you o'er he must, And as you have no copporhead, I'll row you o'er on trust.

"Although so bad a man before Ne or o'er this river went-A glorious Yankee President, And cannot raise a cent.

Then Nick and Abe got in the boat And Charon rowed them o'er; Right glad was he to land them both

Then Nick took Abe by the arm, And said, "Come on with me, My little imps will be rejoiced So great a man to see.

They entered now within a place Of sulphur, fire and smoke, Said Nick to Abe, "Don't this remind You of a little joke?

"This the tyrant's last abode. When he from earth has past. Ha! ha! ha! ha! give us a joke, Let's have old Abe's last."

Poor Abe could not say a word,

He trembled so with fear. But into a warm corner reeled, And sank down on a chair. "Come out of that!" old Nick cried out

I keep that sent secured, And that arm-chair is ready there Awaiting Billy Seward-

"And here is Horace Greeley's nextthe next one is for Chase, But Forney and Ben Butler Must have a hotter place.

"Halleck's seat is farther on, With Pope's close by the fires: I give the regues the warmest place, But always roast the liars.

"Here's Curtin's with a shoddy pad, And there is one for Banks Sherman's is not quite finished, Yet I've just completed Schneck's.

"And here is one for Everett, With Davis's close by; With Colonel Fish upon my fork I'll have a general Fry. "And as for Brownlow, that old knave,

He knows this place so well, Therefore the foul-monthed Parson shall Be seavenger of hell."

Again he led poor Abe on,
Though but a little space,
Stopped by an iron door and said,
"This is my hottest place. 'And here I keep my Puritans,

A class both mean and sly Whose object is and ever was, To rule or else destroy.

"There I keep them by themselves, Confined within this cell, For if I were to let them loose, There'd be no peace in hell.

"Just take a peep in through the bars, You need not mind the heat." Poor Abe looked, and said with a sigh, I see some empty seats."

Yes," said old Nick, "the top one's for An Abolition Preacher, Good service he has done for me, His name is Harry Beecher.

"The right-hand seat is Garrison's, The left-hand is for Jay, The one for Wendell Phillips Was placed there yesterday.

"I have a place for Sumner in One of my hottest nooks, He's been a blatherskite since be Was whipped by Bully Brooks. "So many come, I have no time

To fix up seats for all; Thefore I hang the lesser knaves On hooks around the wall "Now you see, I give each one their place, According to their due, Aud in the very hottest pit

"Now go thy way to earth again, And live a life of pain— I for the present say farewell, We soon shall meet again."

Old Nick then brought old Abe back, As humble as a mouse, None can describe the joy he felt When he saw the White House.

But ere old Nick had set him down, He unto Abe did say.
"Although I left you off this time,
We'll meet snother day."

The Mysterious Prisoner. Some newspaper readers of tenacious menory may, perhaps, still remember the sensation produced two years ago by the statement that a mysterious prisoner had by a perse of Stauton's familliers. This doomed victim of the American Star Chamber was decribed as having come heavily manacled, and his figure and face so completely muffled up that no human eye could extraordinary precaution taken to keep up er lays themselves down to die because they the prisoner's incognito, and the care with which all access to him was guarded by Baker's detectives, raised public curiosity to story of the "Man in the Iron Mask," but

days wonder." means recognized as true among the police history tells us he was the most miserable force, it has proved itself in this exception- human being upon the earth. ried to Washington in the gentle and considerate marmer we have described, and then as secretly sent to vicksburg, where he rethe year. No ground having been assigned for all this kidnapping and chaining, Mr. Ryan is now about to sue Stauton for false

imprisonment. - Utica Observer. A JAPANESE TALE - A Japanese noble man and prince, the son of the Emperor, Calm Eye, bought a horse of remarkable beauty and great value, for twenty kobans (eighty dollars), and, delighted with his bargain, hastened to his father, expecting he would rejoice with him. "I cannot concoive," said the father, where you obtained this beautiful animal, or there is hardly a field in the world which will nourish so great a beauty." The prince declared the

price he had paid with great joy. "Such a bargain," said the Emperor, proves that the seller is in distress, and that necessity has compelled him to part with the horse. Does it become the Prince Calm Eye, the son of the Emperor, with an income of thirty-six thousand kobans, thus to take advantage of another's misfortune ?" The Prince, ashamed, sought the owner of the horse, and gave him more than twice as

much as before. what it is which constitutes beauty in the friend presented himself, and by common Paris and the three goddesses. Glancing from one to the other of the beautiful white hands presented for his examination, he replied at last: "I give it up, the question is too hard for me; but ask the poor and they will tell you the most beautiful hand in the world is the hand that gives."

CHEER UP!-Keep a brave heart. It matters little whether the sun shines on you or not, if you only have sunshine within. Don't pout and complain of "nasty weather." but see the sunny side of the subject, and laugh the storm or the misfortune in the face. Look trouble out of countenance.

Look bere, boy, said a gent to an urchin, who was munching sugar candy at a lecture, "you are annoying me very much."

"No, I ain't neither," said the uzehi "I am gnawing this 'ere candy."

[For the Democrat.] The World, What the People Make it.

BY FILO.

I hold the world but as the world, Gratiann;

Every man of any intelligence must be ware of the fact, that the world is made either better or worse by his living. Take the world as a whole, or if

please, take each individual government as a whole, consisting of persons with different temperments, aspirations and views; and we will have a curious compound in which all its members are working directly or indirectly for our interest. This this to some may seem a very strong assertion at first thought, but we think by giving it a second thought, no one will heartate to accept it as truth. Our aim in life is to make ourselves happy, and all we do, is or ought to be intended to conduce to this grand end. Whatsoever satisfies a man's ambition. crowns his wishes, and makes him happy-The height of Napoleon's ambition was conquest, but it seemed wise and good that his ambition could not be satisfied; hence he was made miserable by being conquered, and thereby falling subject to the British to suffer as a subdued foe, which was in this case banishment for life on a desolate island, what gave him the greatest amount of happiness, caused the people the most misery. Look, at the misery, suffering and pain the burning of the City of Moscow caused Families turned out of houses and homes, just entering a winter that would pierce the unprotected to the heart, and wrest from them their lives, and leave them stiff and cold to be buried on the snow. But we need not go to the Russians to hear of sufbeen brought from the West to Washington fering, because we need only to turn our attention to the history of Napoleon's army and we will read of starvation staring the strong, sturdy, and robust, soldier in the face; until his frame begins to grow weak and feeble, his eye dim and languid, and his gain the least idea of his appearance. The step slow and faltering, and one after anoth-

could not obtain the nourishment necessary to sustain life. We might notice an Alexander, a Ceasar the highest possible pitch. But all attempts and others, whose ambition was crowned to penetrate the mystery failed. The pa- with better success, but not satisfied because pers kept the excitement up for a while by it was more than a conquest of all the world muttering dark hints at a repetition of the could satisfy. And others whose chief enjoyment was tyranny, not seemingly aware, as startling events succeed each other so that their happiness depended on making rapidly in the stirring times we live in, the their subjects more happy. For instance affair was gradually allowed to drop into take King John of England, who never did oblivion and be forgotten in some other nine but one good thing in his life, which was signing the Mgna Charter giving his sub-But "murder"-as the popular adage jects some liberties of which heretofore they says-"will out," and though our criminal had been deprived, and be only done that statisticts show that this saying is by no because the people compelled bin; and

al instance. It seems that this modern But on the other hand we read of others "Man with the Iron Mask" was a certain whose chief enjoyment was to make their Captain John C. Ryan, mistaken by Stan- government better, and alleviate the sufabout to be indicted on a charge of treason. England was a striking example of this; He was arrested Memphi , July, 1865, cartrue, he was engaged in a very trying contest with the Danes, but they were the invaders, and his object was not conquest, but to expel the invaders and maintain for mained in prison until nearly the close of himself and his people his as well as their rights, and to do this; we read of his subjecting himself manial resources that he may save his country. The Danes subdued. and driven out, and the Kingdom once more restored to peace; the King sets himself at work repairing the damages of the war, improving his country, and making better Laws for his subjects, instead of compelling them to submit to tyranny, cruelty,

We might also name a Washington and Victoria the present Queen of England, whose chief object was and is to promote their countries best interests; and to encourage all kinds of manual labor and scientific persuits, that the people may obtain all the comforts of life, and enjoy all the bless-

ings that civilization brings to a country.

Again we might name King Henry VIII. and Queen Mary both of England, whose selfishness and cruelty caused many good and great man to bow to their iron septre, and yield up the life that was so valuable to their country and in many cases (Mary) the cause of Christ. True Henry was not a persecuter of the christians, but was even instrumental in forwarding the work of the THE MOST BEAUTIPUL HAND. -Two Great Reformation; but in history we read charming women were discussing one day that his motives for taking sides with the Reformers were only selfish, as by these hand. They differed in opinion as much as means he could best gain his evil designs the shape of the beautiful member whose History says nothing of Mary but cruelty to merits they were discussing. A gentleman her people and opposition to and bloodshed in the Reformation by causing many a pious consent the question was referred to him. reformer to be draged to the block or stake It was a delicate matter. He thought of and commanding that their head should severe from their body, or that they should be burned.

We have called your attention to the different leaders because their characters are well known, and as the people over whom they rule are either for or against them, is is easily shown that all must exert a greater or less influence; and if their influence is given to a good cause the world would be better for their living, but if a bad one, their lives will be spent in sowing seed, the fruit of which will be, misery wretch and vice; All of which goes to show that the world is good or bad just as the people choose to make it.

A new riding vehicle in Paris is mounted on very large wheels, with the horse be-tween them, the driver's seat over the centra of the horse, and the latter fairly under the More About the Jeff. Davis Dis-

The Portland Argus publishes the follow

man Corner, am full of Yanken prejudices but I think it wicked to lie even about him or, for that matter, about the devil. I was with the party that captured Jeff.

Davis, saw the whole transaction from its beginning. I now say and hope that you will publish it, that Jefferson Davis did not have on at the time he was taken any garment such as is worn by women. He did have over his shoulders a waterproof article of clothing, some thing like a "havelock." It was not in the least concealed. He wore a hat, and did not carry a pail of water on his head, nor carry pail, bucket or kettle in

To the best of my recollection, he carri ed nothing whatever in his hands. His wife did not tell any person that her husband might hurt somebody if he got exasperated. She behaved like a lady, and he like a gentlemen, though manifestly he was chragrined at being taken into custody. Our soldiers behaved like gentlemen, as they were, and our officers like honorable, brave men; and the foolish stories that went the newspaper rounds of the day telling how wolfishly he deported himself, were all false. I know what I am writing about. I saw Jesserson Davis many times while he was daying in Portland several years ago, and think that I was the first one who recognized him at the time of his arrest.

When it was known that he was certainly taken, some newspaper correspondent-[knew his name at the time, fabricated the story about the disguise in an old woman's dress. I heard the whole matter talked over as a good joke, and the officers who knew better, nover took the trouble to deny

it. Perhaps they thought that the Confederate President deserved all the contempt that could be put upon him. I think so hood that by any means would become his-

And farther, I would never slander a woman who has shown as much devotion as Mrs. Davis has to her husband, no matter

now wicked he is or may have been. I defy any person to find a single officer or soldier who was present at the capture of Jeff. Davis, who will say upon honor that he was disguised in woman's clothes, or that his wife acted in any way unladylike or unhim for his crimes, and if he is found guilty, punishing 4im. But I would not lie about him when the truth will certainly make it bad enough. JAMES H. PARKER. Ellbarnville, May 9, 1867.

Beecher thus speaks of an editor. Before him passes in review all their exchange newspapers. He is to know all had in due course." their contents-to mark for others the matto be alert, and clip with incessant industry all the little items that together form so large an interest in the news department. He passes in review each week every section of his country through the newspaper lens -he looks accross the ocean, and sees strange lands, and following the sun, he searches all over the world for material. It will require but one moment's time for the readers to take in what two hours produce. By him are read the manuscripts that swarm the ffice like flies in July. It is his frown that dooms them. His hand that condenses a whole page into a line. It is his discreet sternness that resists the sentimental obituaries, and gives our young poets a twig on which to sit and sing their first lays. The power behind the throne, in newspapers as in higher places, is sometimes as important as the throne. Correspondents, occasional and regular, stand in awe at that silent power which has the last chance at an article, and who sends it forth in glory or humility In short, as the body depends upon good digestion so the health of a paper depends upon the vigorous digestion which goes on

by means of the editor. A NEW FABLE. - A certain bear learned o dance, and this was the way his master

taught him. He made him stand upon a large stove, n which a fire was kindled. The bear was obliged to dance to keep his feet from burnng, meanwhile a musician played a lively tune upon a flute. Whenever the bear was made to dance upon the hot iron, the muician played the same merry tune, and the bear supposed the music to be the cause of his pain. And it happened that ever after, when he heard the musician play upon his flute, he thought of his former suffering, and began to dance. Seeing this, the ox envied him his fine taste for music, the horse praised him for his grateful motions, and a thoughtful owl pronounced him the happinst of brutes.

"Alas!" said the bear, "my apparen gaiety hides my real distress; I love paither nusic nor mirth ; I carry a scoret grief, and my dancing is prompted by the memory of There is no being more miserable than

the professional clown or harlequin. Folly is often a mask for grief and unhappiness BRAST BUTLER .- Some American 'poich

s responsible for the following lines on

Beast Butler, the woman insulter and spoon thief: "How brave a soldier Butter was, Let this one fact reveal, That even silver spoons and forks, Were worthy of his steal."

Strange Hallucinations.

Tulpin mentions a painter who believed hat all the lones of his body were so soft and flexible that they might easily be crush-I am no admirer of Jeff. Davis; I am a ed togother, or folded within one another, Yankee, born between Saccarappa and Gorlike pieces of pliable wax. A Lusitanian loctor had a patient who insisted that he was perpetually frozen, and would sit before a great fire even in the dog days. The doctor made him a dress of rough sheep skins, saturated with agus vitor, and set him on fire. He then said he was quite warm, rather too much so, and was cured. Galen Avicenra make mention of people who have fancied themselves earthen pots, and theresome-these are decayed. My mouth was the proposition and transaction may apsound and healthy-this is foul. How dif- pear. ferent is the hair from that of my own head." Mr. Haslam, in his work on insurity, mentions a case of one who insisted he had no mouth, and when compelled by force to swallow, declared a wound had been made doctrines of that mischievous faction. Bein his throat, through which the food had sing a fit instrument to be used by the repubbeen introduced. Benvenuto Cellini, the celebrated Florentine artist, in his life, says that the governor of the castle in which the former was confined had a periodical disorder of this sort; every year he had some different whim. One time he conceived himself changed into a pitcher of oil; at another he thought himself a frog, and began to leap as such, and another time againhe imagined he was dead, and it was found

show of burying him. At length he thought himself a bat, and when he went to take a walk he sometimes made just such a noise as bats do; he fikewise used gestures with his hands and body, as if he were going to fly. Noseshave been of sound political rules, morals and religtoo, only I would never perpetrate a false- known to be particularly troublesome to ion, sould fird its way into the charge of a hypochondriacs. One man fancied his nose United States Judge to a grand jury is was of a ledierous length, and consequently Richwood, Virginia. Yet it is so, and the kept backing off as his friands approached | more is the pity, as it probably shows a corto hold a parley with him, fearing that he respondence of ferocious naturos, and is should put their eyes cat. It is said that noble, brutal passions in these two wicked frequently this same deluded possessor of a trustees of official power. Here is a part long nose might be seen going along the of what this unrighteous Judge says in his street, guiding his nose with his hand, to charge about the "great commoner"-if it keep it from breaking the shop windows. | were irony it would be just, but being car-A young man had a strong imagination that nestly literal, it is mendacious and infahe was dead, and earnestly begged hisfriends dignified on that occasion. I go for trying to bury him. They consented, by the advice of the physician. He was laid on a bier, and being carried on the shoulders of and light among nations, still continue to men to the church, when some pleasant fel- shine among traitors, notwithstanding the low, up to the business, met the procession advance of years and disease, and may we and inquired who it was. They answered. them, "for the world is well rid of a very

necessary to humor his conceit by making a

bad character, which the gallows must have | progress and freedom!" graceful language. His excited temper run, he after them, until he fell down quite exhausted. He was put in bed; the violent exertion he had gone through promo upon it: ted perspiration and he got well.

By the following published incomes will be seen that the editorial and publishing fraternaty are getting along very com-

fortably: Horace Greeley, Tribune, \$87,000; H. J. Raymond, Times, \$46,000; Erastus Brocks, Express, \$26,000; Wm. B. Bryant, Post, \$81,000; C. Nordhoff, Post, \$6,100; Thurlow Weed, Commercial, \$62,000; Robert Bonner; \$200,000; Frank Leslie, \$91,000; John R. Young, Tribune, \$23,700; Wm. Swinton, \$18,000; Moses Beach, Sun, \$71. 000, Wm. C. P.ime, Journa' of Commerce \$32,000, James Gorden Bennett, \$292,000; James Gordon Bennett, Jun., \$7,500 John D. Stoston, \$18,000, G. Smalley. Tribune, \$8,000, Theo. Tiltou, Independent \$10,000; W. H. C. Hosmer, \$2,800; A. J. Daly, \$1,000; Kane O'Donnell, \$7,400; James McConnell, \$6,400; Benjamin Wood, \$186,000; E. J. Ottarson, Times, \$19,000; C. P. Dewey, \$800; Frank Bellew, \$2,100; G. A. Townsend, \$1,175, C. G. Halpine, Citizen, \$61,000; Manton Marble, World 19,000; W. H. Hurlbut, World, \$1,250; C. A. Dana, \$72,000; C. H. Sweetzer Evening Gazette, \$37, Fletcher Harper, \$307,000; Thomas Nast, \$2,750; G. W Curtis, \$14,000.

It will be seen that the largest income is in history have been men whose career be-that of Mr. Harper, of Harper Brothers, and gan in the defense of popular liberty, and the smallest, Mr. Sweizer, of the Gazette.

An unfortunate Kentucky editor thus addressed his delinquent subscribers : "Friends we are pensiless. Job's turkey was a millionaire compared with our present treasury. To-day if salt was two cents. barrel, we couldn't buy enough to pickle a jay-bird !"

Men are like bugles; the more braze they contain the more noise they make, and the farther you can hear them. Ladies are like violets; the more modest and retiring they appear the better you like them.

"Yes, when questioned by my wife, after spending the evening abroad—cross enough, in all conscience."

A Radical Judge. The Judge of the United States District Court of Virginia, is one of the most unprincipled, reckless partisans that ever disgraced the bench of any court. He was an adventurer from the North, and with unasual parade of sanctimony squatted in that State few years before the war. His career has been full of remarkable incidents, some of which are thus described by a Virginia correspondent of the National Intelligen-

"He came here a stranger, apparently beggar, as an itinerant teacher of imprais and the rudiments of the English lengtage. fore have carefully avoided being touched, he ingratiated himself into the affections of for fear they should be broken. Then there a Virginia lady, by whom he obtained slave is the case of the insane watchmaker men- property, he also purchased others, and tioned by Pinel, who insisted he had been when the question of principle vs. interest guillotined and another head had afterward arose, this now swelling philanthropist disby mistake, been put on his shoulders, in posed of his negroes upon the highest marstead of his own. "Look at these teeth." | ket price, to save his interest at the expense he would say; mine were extremely hand of his principle, no matter how paradoxical

Having pocketed the money for which he sold his negroes, Putitan like, he thought slavery a sin, and turned Abolitionist, and became a noisy, blatant propagandist of the lican party, he was appointed judge soon after that destructive geographical organization got possession of the government. He is now holding court in Richmond. On Tuesday he delivered a charge to the grand jury which is nothing but a Radical haranges filled with laudations of friends and denunciations of opponents, attrocious charges and equally attrocious praises, which usually constitute the staple of such scandalous pro-

ductions. We will give a speamen-though the intelligent reader will marvel how a nauseous puff of old Thaddeus Stevens, the anti-mason, revolutionary agitator, and hardened contemner of all the decencies and restraints

"May this grandest old statesman of our country and age, this honor to humanity yet be guided by his wisdom and benefi-"And a very good jeb it is," said one of cence until the great questions now pending shall be decided in the interests of peace,

As if a veteran conspirator against law The young man, now lying dead, hearing and order could be "in the interests of peace, ought to be ashamed of themselves in thus judge from this the character of the whole traducing his fair fame, and if he were alive charge. There never was a production on he would thrash them for their insolence. a similar occasion, more out of place, worse But they continued to utter the most dis. | conceived, which could cover its author with more infamy, or show in more glaring could no longer bear it. Up he jumps, they light the unfitness of a man for a trust he abuses. The National Intelligencer publishes the charge entire, and thus comments

We publish this morning the remarkable charge of Judge Underwood to the grand Incomes of New York Editors jury at Richmond. There may be partisans and Publishers. who will pronounce this an exhibition of nerve and manliness, but we are sorry that a judge of a court of the United States found it comport with his ideas of judicia impartiality and professional dignity to deliver a political barangue from the bench which we will not permit ourselves to characterize in terms it deserves. If the wholesale vilification of an entire community was true, if the tribute paid the noterious spokesman of confiscation was deserved there could be no possible excuse for, them coming from the lips of one sworn to administer justice in the very court over which he is called to preside. As it is, history will take care of the man who has permitted the politician to absorb the judge, and the very enormity of the offence of one who thus prostitutes the bench of justice to the base purposes of party should lift the people whom he maligns above the affront he seeks to put upon them, and should awaken a universal feeling of indignation throughout the nation, whose honer is assailed by the gross misconduct of one of its judicial representatives."

> THE TEMPTATIONS OF POWER -"There are few men who can resist the temptations of power. Some of the greatest characters ended in tyranny worse than that of the tyrants they overthrow. Napoleon began a republican and ended a despot. Cromwell set out to defend the English constitution and ended by trampling it under his feet. These are but prominent examples of a thousand instances thich every age and almost every year of the world's history have furnished. The career of the dominant political faction in this country is one of the latest and most remarkable."

> bad scholar?" "I can't tell my son, why is it?" "Because it gets licked and put in

If you would look "sprace" in your old age don't "pine" in your youth.